

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020 CONTENTS

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MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Nuchatlaht First Nation are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Council.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Financial statements are not precise since they include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. When alternative accounting methods exist, management has chosen those it deems most appropriate in the circumstances in order to ensure that the consolidated financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects.

The First Nation maintains systems of internal accounting and administrative controls of high quality consistent with reasonable cost. Such systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is relevant, reliable and accurate and the First Nation's assets are appropriately accounted for and adequately safeguarded.

The First Nation Council is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the consolidated financial statements.

The First Nation Council reviews the First Nation's consolidated financial statements and management letter. The Council meets periodically with management, as well as the external auditors, to discuss internal control over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues, to satisfy themselves that each party is properly discharging their responsibilities, and to review the consolidated financial statements and the external auditors' report. The Council approves the consolidated financial statements for issuance to the members. The Council also considers, for review and approval by the members, the engagement of the external auditors.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by McGorman MacLean, Chartered Professional Accountants in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards on behalf of the members. McGorman MacLean has full and free access to the Council.

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McGORMAN MacLEAN

Chartered Professional Accountants

Campbell B. MacLean, Ltd. Stana Pazicka, Inc. Leanne M. Souchuck, Ltd. Mark A.A. McGorman (Retired)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the members Nuchatlaht First Nation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Nuchatlaht First Nation, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2020, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the First Nation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the First Nation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the First Nation's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the First Nation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the First Nation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Parksville, Canada October 23, 2020

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT MARCH 31, 2020

		2020	2019	
FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Cash (note 4)	\$	649,389	\$ 833,271	
Funds on deposit in Ottawa Trusts (note 4)		99,356	97,423	
Accounts receivable (note 5)		195,028	40,007	
Investment in Hayu Fishing Limited Partnership (note 6)		1,169,075	1,021,799	
Investment in 1075124 B.C. Ltd.		1	 1	
		2,112,849	 1,992,501	
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		153,601	189,875	
Deferred revenue (note 7)		-	6,800	
Deficit in Hayu Fishing Ltd. (note 8)		2,166	1,823	
Long term debt (note 9)		99,891	 1,013,877	
		255,658	1,212,375	
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		1,857,191	780,126	
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Deferred expenses (note 10)		11,318	20,452	
Tangible capital assets (note 11)		2,067,361	 2,220,719	
		2,078,679	2,241,171	
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$	3,935,870	\$ 3,021,297	
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT END OF YEAR CONSISTS	S OF:			
Restricted (note 12 and 19)	\$	822,997	\$ 11,947	
Unrestricted	*	1,112,615	1,768,675	
		1,935,612	1,780,622	
Investment in tangible capital assets		2,000,258	2,110,651	
Treaty debt deficit		-	(869,976)	
	\$	3,935,870	\$ 3,021,297	

Contingent liability (note 13)

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF COUNCIL:

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

3,935,870

3,021,297

Budget (unaudited) 2020 2019 (note 14) REVENUE Miscellaneous revenue and recoveries \$ 21,430 \$ 977,336 114,762 Nuu-chah-nulth Tribal Council - operating 681,030 918,127 927,359 62,599 Province of British Columbia 629,644 621,554 Income from Hayu Fishing Limited Partnership 232,005 237,276 68,590 Fisheries licence lease 63,000 75,707 Sport fishing charter 14,175 13,864 Social Housing rents 34,333 13,625 20,880 Nuu-chah-nulth Economic Development Corporation 12,285 11,790 4,196 4,196 CMHC subsidies 72,824 Government of Canada Loss from Hayu Fishing Ltd. (343)(227)1,429,437 2,873,938 1,528,642 **EXPENSES** Operating Fund 1,562,540 1,838,769 1,673,548 Social Housing Fund 23,386 21,357 Treaty Fund 17,323 97,210 47,073 1,959,365 1,579,863 1,741,978 ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT) \$ (150,426)914,573 (213,336)ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT 3,234,633 **BEGINNING OF YEAR** 3,021,297 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT

END OF YEAR

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	 2020	 2019	
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	\$ 914,573	\$ (213,336)	
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(77,304)	(451,430)	
Amortization of tangible capital assets	230,662	197,027	
Acquisition of deferred expenses	(11,318)	(20,452)	
Use of deferred expenses	 20,452	25,785	
CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	1,077,065	(462,406)	
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	780,126	 1,242,532	
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,857,191	\$ 780,126	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

		2020		2019
ODED ATTING A CTIVITIES		<u> </u>		LU17
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Annual surplus (deficit)				
Adjust for items that do not involve cash	\$	914,573	\$	(213,336)
Amortization	Ψ	230,662	Ψ	197,027
Treaty loan forgiven		(869,976)		-
		275,259		(16,309)
Changes in non-cash working capital				
Decrease (Increase)				
Accounts receivable		(155,021)		268,018
Increase (Decrease)		, , ,		,
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(36,274)		(48,084)
Deferred revenue		(6,800)		6,800
Deferred expenses		9,134		5,333
		(188,961)		232,067
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		86,298		215,758
CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS				
Investment in Hayu Fishing Limited Partnership		(147,276)		(207,005)
Deficit in Hayu Fishing Ltd.		343		227
Purchase of tangible capital assets		(77,304)		(451,430)
		(224,237)		(658,208)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of long term debt		(44,010)		(5,572)
DECREASE IN CASH		(181,949)		(448,022)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	AR	930,694		1,378,716
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	748,745	\$	930,694
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CONSIST OF:				
Cash	\$	649,389	\$	833,271
Funds on deposit in Ottawa Trusts	Ψ	99,356	*	97,423
	\$	748,745	\$	930,694
	Ψ		<u> </u>	,

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local government entities, as outlined by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Organization of Chartered Professional Accountants of British Columbia, which encompass the following principles:

(a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements reflect a combination of the First Nation's operating, treaty, enterprise, tangible capital assets, trust and social housing funds.

The Operating Fund reports the general activities of the First Nation administration including various commercial activities.

The Treaty Fund reports the activities of the Treaty negotiating team.

The Enterprise Fund reports the activities of the First Nation's owned entities.

The Trust Fund reports on trust funds owned by the First Nation and held by third parties.

The Social Housing Fund reports the activities within the First Nation sponsored Social Housing Program.

(b) Reporting entity and principles of financial reporting

The Nuchatlaht First Nation reporting entity includes all entities which are accountable to the First Nation, and are either owned, directly or indirectly, or controlled by the First Nation.

These consolidated financial statements include the assets, liabilities and results of operations for the following entities:

Nuchatlaht First Nation government administration including special and commercial projects Nuchatlaht First Nation Social Housing Program Nuchatlaht First Nation Trust Fund Hayu Fishing Limited Partnership Hayu Fishing Ltd. 1075124 B.C. Ltd.

All inter-entity balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

(c) Cash

The First Nation's policy is to present bank balances under cash.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Investment in Hayu Fishing Limited Partnership, Hayu Fishing Ltd. and 1075124 B.C. Ltd.

The investment in Hayu Fishing Limited Partnership, representing a twenty-five percent partnership interest, is accounted for using the modified equity method.

The investment in Hayu Fishing Ltd., representing a twenty-five percent ownership interest, is accounted for using the modified equity method.

The investment in 1075124 B.C. Ltd. is accounted for using the full consolidation method of accounting for long term investments.

(e) Deferred expenses

Deferred expenses, which consist of prepaid expenses and a retainer for legal fees, are recorded at cost.

Scallops farm expenses include the cost of start-up and upkeep of the farm, less contributions from the Government of Canada.

(f) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are stated at cost and are being amortized on the straight-line basis using the following rates:

Buildings and social housing
Infrastructure
Vehicles
Boats and equipment
Equipment
Playground
Computer equipment
- 20 - 45 years
- 20 - 25 years
- 8 years
- 7 years
- 5 years
- 5 years
- 3 years

In the year of acquisition, 50% of the normal amortization is recorded.

(g) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized as it becomes receivable under the terms of applicable funding agreements.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period the transfers are authorized and any eligibility criteria have been met, except when and to the extent that the transfer gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability for the recipient government. Transfers received which meet the definition of a liability are included in deferred revenue.

Deferred revenue consists of funding which is received, externally restricted, and will not be included in revenue until the related expenses are incurred.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include valuation of accounts receivable, deferred expenses and accrued liabilities and the estimated useful life of tangible capital assets. These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to income as appropriate in the year they become known.

(i) Liability for contaminated sites

The First Nation recognizes and measures a liability for remediation of contaminated sites where:

- An environmental standard exists:
- Contaminated levels exceed the environmental standards;
- The First Nation is directly responsible or accepts responsibility;
- It is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The liability is based on the present value of the estimated costs directly attributable to the remediation and post-remediation activities.

As at March 31, 2019 and 2018, no contaminated sites have been identified that meet the criteria outlined in the standard.

(i) Future changes in accounting policies

PS 3280 Asset Retirement Obligations, issued August 2018, establishes standards for recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets and is effective July 1, 2021. A liability will be recognized when, as at the financial reporting date:

- There is a legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset;
- The past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred;
- It is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Future changes in accounting policies (continued)

Liabilities are recognized for statutory, contractual or legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The obligations are measured initially at fair value, determined using present value methodology, and the resulting costs capitalized into the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset. In subsequent periods, the liability is adjusted for accretion and any changes in the amount or timing of the underlying future cash flows. The capitalized asset retirement cost is amortized on the same basis as the related asset and accretion expense is included in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Management is in the process of assessing the impact of adopting this standard on the First Nation's financial results.

PS 3400 Revenue, issued November 2018, establishes standards on how to account for and report on revenue. Specifically, it differentiates between revenue arising from transactions that include performance obligations, referred to as "exchange transactions", and transactions that do not have performance obligations, referred to as "non-exchange transactions".

Revenue from transactions with performance obligations should be recognized when (or as) the First Nation satisfies a performance obligation by providing the promised goods or services to a payor.

Revenue from transactions with no performance obligations should be recognized when a School District:

- Has the authority to claim or retain an inflow of economic resources; and
- Identifies a past transaction or event that gives rise to an asset.

This standard may be applied retroactively or prospectively. Management is in the process of assessing the impact of adopting this standard on the First Nation's financial results

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The First Nation's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, investment in Hayu Fishing Limited Partnership, investment in 1075124 B.C. Ltd., accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deficit in Hayu Fishing Ltd. and long term debt. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the First Nation is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments, the fair value of which approximates their carrying value. Accounts receivable are subject to credit risk as explained in note 5.

The fair market values of the investments in Hayu Fishing Limited Partnership, Hayu Fishing Ltd. and 1075124 B.C. Ltd. have not been determined and accordingly may differ from the recorded values.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

3. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The First Nation receives the major portion of its operating revenue pursuant to a funding agreement between Nuu-chah-nulth Tribal Council, its member First Nations and Indigenous Services Canada. This agreement covers the period from April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2023.

The Nuu-chah-nulth Tribal Council and its member First Nations have also entered into a funding agreement with First Nations Health Authority for the same period.

4. RESTRICTED CASH

(a) Ottawa Trust Funds

The Ottawa Trust Funds arise from monies derived from capital or revenue sources as outlined in Section 62 of the Indian Act. These funds are held in trust in the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Government of Canada and are subject to audit by the Office of the Auditor General of Canada. The management of these funds is primarily governed by Sections 63 to 69 of the Indian Act.

(b) Replacement Reserve

Under the terms of the agreement with Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC), the replacement reserve account is to be credited in the amount of \$5,120 annually for Social Housing Project II. These funds, along with the accumulated interest, must be held in separate bank accounts and/or invested only in accounts or instruments insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation or as may otherwise be approved by CMHC from time to time. The funds in the account may only be used as approved by CMHC.

The First Nation has fully complied with the agreement with CMHC for funding the reserve. At year end, \$48,293 was held in a separate bank account included in cash.

(c) Subsidy Surplus Reserve - Project II

Under the terms of the agreement with CMHC, excess federal assistance payments received may be retained in a subsidy surplus reserve up to a maximum of \$500 per unit plus interest. The reserve is to be comprised of monies deposited into a separate bank account and/or invested only in accounts or instruments insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation or as may otherwise be approved by CMHC from time to time. The funds in this account may only be used to meet future subsidy requirements of income-tested occupants over and above the maximum federal assistance. At year end, there were no funds in the subsidy surplus reserve for Project II.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2020	2019	
Rent receivable from First Nation members	\$ 14,945	\$ 47,910	
Nuu-chah-nulth Tribal Council	183,042	27,398	
GST recoverable	4,714	12,260	
Receivable from First Nation members	12,907	8,760	
CMHC subsidies	350	350	
Other	6,922		
	222,880	96,678	
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	27,852	56,671	
	\$ 195,028	\$ 40,007	

The amounts receivable from First Nation members are not secured and an allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded with respect to these amounts receivable.

6. INVESTMENT IN HAYU FISHING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

Nuchatlaht First Nation owns a 25% partnership interest in Hayu Fishing Limited Partnership. The following presents condensed financial information as at December 31, 2019 for the partnership:

	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Cash	\$ 714,771	\$ 718,408
Term deposit	28,237	27,720
Accounts receivable	473,630	478,181
Tangible capital assets	46,781	52,537
Intangible assets	3,622,540	2,813,540
Due from partners	8,100	6,732
	4,894,059	4,097,118
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	37,237	9,168
Partners' equity	\$ 4,856,822	\$ 4,087,950
Revenue	\$ 1,131,510	\$ 1,090,004
Expenses	182,310	161,893
Net income	\$ 949,200	\$ 928,111

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

7. DEFERRED REVENUE

	20	020	2019	
BC Healthy Communities	\$	_	\$ 6,800	

8. DEFICIT IN HAYU FISHING LTD.

Nuchatlaht First Nation owns a 25% interest in Hayu Fishing Ltd. Hayu Fishing Ltd. is the general partner of Hayu Fishing Limited Partnership. The following presents condensed financial information as at December 31, 2019 for the company:

, ,	Dec	cember 31, 2019	Dec	cember 31, 2018	
Investment	\$	536	\$	441	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Share capital		9,199 1		7,731 1	
		9,200		7,732	
Deficit	\$	(8,664)	\$	(7,291)	
Revenue Expenses	\$	95 1,468	\$	93 1,000	
Net loss	\$	(1,373)	\$	(907)	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

9. LONG TERM DEBT

9. LONG TERM DEBT	2020	2019
All Nations Trust Company		
Phase II Social Housing Loan \$	40,855	\$ 55,631
- Interest at 1.97% compounded semi-annually		
- Renewing November 1, 2022		
- Monthly payments of \$1,309 including principal and interest		
Bank of Montreal		
Term Loan	26,246	33,222
- Interest at 4.44% per annum		
- Maturing August 31, 2024		
- Monthly payments of \$692 including principal and interest		
Term Loan	32,790	33,830
- Interest at 3.23% per annum		
- Maturing September 30, 2021		
- Monthly payments of \$176 including principal and interest		
Nuu-chah-nulth Economic Development Corporation		
Term Loan	-	21,218
- Interest at 12% per annum		
- Maturing August 1, 2021		
- Monthly payments of \$1,325 including principal and interest		
British Columbia Treaty Commission		
Treaty Negotiation Loan	-	869,976
- Interest free loan until it becomes due and payable at		
which time interest will be charged at a rate equal		
to that charged by the Consolidated Revenue Fund		
to provincial crown corporations		
- Loan proceeds become due and payable upon the		
earlier of:		
a) September 2, 2021 (extension from the previous		
maturity date of the twelfth (12th) anniversary of		
the date on which the first loan advance was made);		
b) The seventh (7th) anniversary of the date of signing		
of an agreement-in-principle;		
c) The date on which a treaty is signed by the parties;		
d) The date on which the agreement is terminated; or		
e) The date on which Nuu-chah-nulth Tribal Council		
commits an act of bankruptcy.		
Total long term debt \$	99,891	\$ 1,013,877

During the year, the Treaty Negotiation Loan was forgiven.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

9. LONG TERM DEBT (continued)

The Social Housing loan is secured by a ministerial guarantee from the Department of Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada. The Bank of Montreal term loans are secured by a promissory note and an assignment of insurance.

Assuming the Social Housing loan and term loans are renewed with similar terms, principal reductions over the next five years are approximately as follows:

2021	\$ 23,476
2022	24,073
2023	19,513
2024	4,553
2025	1,222

10. DEFERRED EXPENSES

	2020	 2019
Prepaid expenses Scallops farm costs	\$ 11,318	\$ 11,467 8,985
	\$ 11,318	\$ 20,452

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NUCHATLAHT FIRST NATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

11. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

			Cost	ıst				Accumi	ılated aı	Accumulated amortization		
	Balance at end of					Balance at end of	Balance at end of				Balance at	Net book
	2019	A(Additions	ā	Disposals	2020	2019	Disposals	als	Amortization		vaiue at eilu 01 2020
Land	\$ 70,500	€9		6∕9		\$ 70,500	S	€5		. د	· •	\$ 70.500
Social Housing	385,384					385,384	198,119	,		9.174		_
Buildings	996,366		ı		,	686,366	559,390	t		18,619		108,357
Infrastructure	2,780,283				,	2,780,283	1,340,308	,		104,445	,	1.335.530
Vehicles	54,729		ı		ı	54,729	11,237	•		1,164		47 378
Boats and equipment	382,501		12,854		25,525	369,830	125,741	25,	25,525	56,405	,	213,209
Equipment	242,402		56,515		•	298,917	158,174	1		34,726		106,017
Playground	43,200		,			43,200	43,200	•				
Computer equipment	46,100		7,935		,	54,035	34,577	1		6,129		13,329
	\$ 4,691,465	89	77,304	s>s	25,525	\$ 4,743,244	\$ 2,470,746	\$ 25,	25,525	\$ 230,662	2 \$ 2,675,883	\$ 2,067,361
			Cost	st				Accumı	ılated aı	Accumulated amortization		
	Balance					Balance	Balance				Balance at	Net book
	at end of	•	;	i	,	at end of	at end of				at end of	value at end of
	2018	¥	Additions		Disposals	2019	2018	Disposals	als	Amortization	n 2019	2019
Land	\$ 70,500	69		€9	,	\$ 70,500	· •	6 9		·	1 69	\$ 70.500
Social Housing	385,384		ı		,	385,384	188,945			9,174		_
Buildings	996,386					996,386	548,013	•		11,377		126,976
Infrastructure	2,577,825		202,458		•	2,780,283	1,238,917	1		101,391	-i	1,439,975
Vehicles	15,312		39,417		ı	54,729	869'6	ı		1,539		43,492
Boats and equipment	244,981		137,520		,	382,501	81,530	•		44,211		256,760
Equipment	180,444		61,958			242,402	130,333	•		27,841		84,228
Playground	43,200		•		1	43,200	43,200	1		,		•
Computer equipment	36,023		10,077			46,100	33,083	•		1,494		11,523
	\$ 4 240 035	÷	451 420	6		6077	; ; ;	€				
	0 4,240,030	9	401,430	9		3 4,091,403	\$ 2,273,719	, ,		\$ 197,027	\$ 2,470,746	\$ 2,220,719

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

12. RESTRICTED SURPLUS

A portion of the surplus in financial assets is classified as restricted due to the surplus being committed to specific future expenses or recoverable by the relevant funding agencies. This restricted surplus is set out on page 20 of the consolidated financial statements.

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The First Nation is contingently liable with respect to a guarantee for the Social Housing loan with All Nations Trust Company in the amount of \$40,787.

14. BUDGET AMOUNTS

Unaudited budget figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the estimates provided by the First Nation.

15. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Commencing January 1, 2018, the First Nation participates in a defined contribution pension plan for its eligible employees. The plan is administered by Manulife Financial and requires a minimum contribution by employees of 3% of their earnings. The First Nation contributes 4% of employees' earnings to the plan. During the year, the First Nation contributed \$13,200 to the plan. The plan is fully funded.

16. CONTRACTUAL RIGHT

The First Nation's Forest and Range Consultation and Revenue Sharing Agreement with the Province of British Columbia has a three-year term that commenced on May 5, 2018. The revenue for the next fiscal year to be received from the Province of British Columbia is estimated at \$66,664.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

17. EXPENSES BY OBJECT

	2020	2019
Accounting and administration	\$ 27,886	\$ 27,709
Amortization	234,977	200,555
Basic needs	42,761	39,627
Contracted services	149,242	179,404
Insurance	39,509	31,216
Legal fees	562,277	181,455
Other	22,600	31,476
Patient travel	33,008	31,210
Repairs and maintenance	60,962	39,410
Supplies	80,779	112,878
Support to families	64,984	127,915
Telephone	16,291	17,227
Training and workshops	33,620	18,541
Travel	82,782	92,450
Utilities	6,176	11,527
Wages and benefits	501,511	599,378
	\$ 1,959,365	\$ 1,741,978

18. FINANCIAL IMPACTS OF COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic due to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19). It is not possible to reliably estimate the impact that the severity and length of the pandemic will have on the financial results of the First Nation in future periods.

19. SEGMENTED REPORTING

The First Nation provides a wide variety of services and programs to its members. These services and programs are reported under various funds as disclosed in note 1(a).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

19. SEGMENTED REPORTING (continued)

			cess (Deficiency)				urplus (Deficit)	Surplus
PROCEE LAG	ъ		f Revenue over	Fund	Program		at Beginning	(Deficit) at
PROGRAMS	Revenue	Expenses	Expenses	Transfers	Transfers	(Decrease)	of Year	End of Year
Operating Fund	Ф 404.821.4	101000	22.000 0	(10.053) 0	(880 086) 6	(#.c.c.o.a.o.)	(200,000) ((07/2 07/2)
	\$ 494,831			(19,853) \$	(779,976) \$, , ,
Band services Community operations	2,000	9,105	(7,105)	121 571	-	(7,105)	(53,507)	(60,612)
	22,476	212,855	(190,379)	131,571	-	(58,808)	(359,304)	(418,112)
BCCI project NRT - development elders	115,825 500	103,326 500	12,499	(5,160)	-	7,339	(8,426)	7,339
Gaming revenue sharing	487,528	465,069	22,459	(22,459)	-	-	(8,420)	(8,426)
Residential school	1,251	1,251	22,439	(22,439)	-	-	-	-
Social development	39,627	42,761	(3,134)	-	-	(3,134)	(33,024)	(36,158)
Education	14,379	14,379	(3,134)	-	-	(3,134)	3,509	3,509
Band owned housing	15,725	26,783	(11,058)	15,289	-	4,231	(5,830)	(1,599)
Health	83,602	88,043	(4,441)	13,289	-	(4,441)	338,887	334,446
Healthy child development	4,781	4,781	(4,441)	_	-	(4,441)	-	224,440
Brighter futures	26,491	26,491	-	_	_	_	_	_
NNADAP	19,898	19,898	-	-		-	_	_
Healthy living	20,490	20,490	_	_	_	_		_
Planning and management	16,740	16,740	-	-	-	-	-	-
Facilities operations	11,655	11,655	-	-	-	-	-	-
Patient travel	31,757	31,757	-	-	-	-	(1,198)	(1,198)
Family services	62,181	62,181	-	-	_	_	(4,309)	(4,309)
Family violence prevention	1,401	1,401	_		_	_	(1,924)	(1,924)
Fisheries	57,241	135,491	(78,250)	41,698	-	(36,552)	(1,924) $(183,960)$	(220,512)
Ec. development - fisheries	75,707	48,802	26,905	41,096	-	26,905	632,487	659,392
Marine mammal response	72,360	32,140	40,220	(15,034)	-	25,186	052,407	25,186
Sport fishing charter	26,460	24,163	2,297	3,356	-	5,653	(31,843)	(26,190)
Economic development	61,666	30,932	30,734	3,330	-	30,734	726,496	757,230
Job creation and training	-	-	-	-	-	50,754	(3,303)	(3,303)
Scallops farm	8,092	18,282	(10,190)	_	_	(10,190)	(5,505)	(10,190)
Housing projects	25,882	25,882	(10,190)	_	_	(10,150)	(43,657)	(43,657)
Infrastructure	49,233	21,508	27,725			27,725	105,652	133,377
Tsunami preparedness	49,233	21,308	21,123	(19,020)	-	(19,020)	15,747	(3,273)
Bridge replacement	-	-	-	(19,020)	-	(19,020)	(30,182)	(30,182)
Oyster farm - old	-	- 			-	-	(104,928)	(104,928)
Oyster farm - old	1,849,779	1,958,598	(108,819)	110,388	(779,976)	(778,407)	747,493	(30,914)
C . III . E .	1,049,779	1,930,390	(100,019)	110,366	(119,910)	(778,407)	747,493	(30,914)
Social Housing Fund	17.001	17.000	700		(5.120)	(4.221)	(50 (01)	((4,000)
Social Housing operations	17,821	17,022	799	-	(5,120)	(4,321)	(59,681)	(64,002)
Replacement reserve	-	6,364	(6,364)	-	5,120	(1,244)	1,244	-
	17,821	23,386	(5,565)	-		(5,565)	(58,437)	(64,002)
Treaty Fund	887,299	97,209	790,090			790,090	(25,827)	764,263
Enterprise Fund	236,933	-	236,933	-	(90,000)	146,933	1,019,976	1,166,909
Trust Fund	1,934	-	1,934	_	-	1,934	97,422	99,356
Subtotal	2,993,766	2,079,193	914,573	110,388	(869,976)	154,985	1,780,627	1,935,612
Less administration	(119,828)	(119,828)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Add capital transfers		-	-	(110,388)	869,976	759,588	1,240,670	2,000,258
TOTAL \$	2,873,938 \$	1,959,365 \$	914,573 \$	- \$	- \$	914,573 \$	3,021,297 \$	3,935,870
RESTRICTED SURPLUS (
Social development						\$	(33,024) \$	(36,158)
Housing projects							(43,657)	(43,657)
Infrastructure							105,652	133,377
Bridge replacement							(30,182)	(30,182)
Social Housing Fund							(58,437)	(64,002)
Treaty Fund							(25,827)	764,263
Trust Fund							97,422	99,356
TOTAL RESTRICTED SUI	RPLUS					\$	11,947 \$	822,997